

- 1 Forehead Activator
- 2 Headrest Tissue Holder
- 3 Lens System
- 4 Instrument Base
- 5 Elevation Adjustment
- 6 Observation Door

- 7 Far and Near Indicators
- 8 Test Dial & Knob
- 9 Receptacle for powercord and control panel
- 10 Instrument Body
- 11 Carrying Handle
- 12 Ancillary Lens Holder

**9**

(see pg. 3 description)



## Internal Features

An advanced Day and Night lighting system renders a white homogenous light, resulting in high contrast images and truer color reproduction.

The microprocessor controlled homogenous illumination system assures accurate and repeatable testing results.

Front surface mirror offers a ghost-free image for more accurate testing of distance vision. The model 6500 also includes glare system for use in both day and night testing conditions.

Up to 12 test slides can be mounted on a rotatable drum. The slides can easily be removed or replaced in seconds.

Stereo Optical's slides are manufactured from a high-resolution photographic film mounted between 2 layers of glass. The high resolution of (500/line pairs/mm) affords a much finer acuity level for more accurate testing.

Stereo Optical's slides are transilluminated to eliminate glare and reflection. The result is a more accurate image, therefore a more accurate test.

## Advanced Design Control Panel

The control panel is designed for convenience in both operation and maintenance. The figure on previous page shows the control panel for the Model 6500.

**Right Eye:**  The switch consists of a grey circle on the left and a black eye icon with a white 'R' above it on the right.

When the forehead activator is depressed, the right eye will see the test target. When the switch is turned OFF, the right eye will see nothing. To turn switch ON, depress; to turn OFF, press again.

**Left Eye:**  The switch consists of a black eye icon with a white 'L' above it on the left and a grey circle on the right.

When the forehead activator is depressed, the left eye will see the test target. When the switch is turned OFF, the left eye will see nothing. To turn switch ON, depress; to turn switch OFF, press again.

### **Binocular:**

When both the left eye and right eye are activated, a binocular test is being performed. Day or Night can be used for either monocular or binocular tests. Glare can be used for binocular or monocular testing and Day or Night conditions



### **Far/Near Switch:**

When the switch is on, the unit is set for FAR point testing. The testing distance simulated in the instrument is 20 feet. Cycle the test appropriately to achieve the test you desire according to the Near and Far indicators.

### **Power Switch:**

Master On/Off power, (located on the back of the instrument) depress ON, press again for OFF.

### **Ready Light:**

Green light indicates that the subject is pressing against headrest activator and is at proper testing distance.

### **Perimeter Switches:**

Model 6500 Vision tester with perimeter.

The perimeter function is to test the lateral (horizontal) visual field.

Four switches pertain to peripheral vision testing. All are momentary switches; they stay on only if pressure is applied.

45 nasal

55 temporal

70 temporal

85 temporal

The same switches are used for testing both sides, right & left. Depress the eye selector for the eye



## **Vision Testing--The Right Way**

Look into the instrument and note what happens when the eye switches are ON and OFF. Experiment with viewing FAR point slides at NEAR point and vice versa, by dialing through all 12 slides. First, view all slides in the FAR point mode, and then repeat in the NEAR mode. Note that FAR test slides viewed at NEAR are upside-down, as are the NEAR test slides viewed at FAR. It is important to recognize whatever the subject may be describing and be able to answer any questions. Concentrate on acquiring a smooth delivery of instruction and description of the test target, as well as confidence in handling the instrument. The tester's administrative expertise can help relax the subject, achieve cooperation, and a more accurate response.

When speaking to the subject, never act surprised or provoked by their response or lack of response. Give the subject every opportunity to demonstrate his/her best vision.

If the subject normally wears glasses or contact lenses, he/she should wear them during the testing to determine whether or not his/her prescription is still adequate.

Select a table or counter of convenient height with sufficient surface space for the instrument and the recording of these results. Normal room lighting is acceptable, but care should be taken to avoid light shining on the lenses or on the subject's face.

### **IMPORTANT CHECKPOINTS:**

- Be certain the instrument is plugged into a 110/120VAC outlet.
- Adjust instrument to proper height for subject's comfort by depressing button on base and moving the housing.
- Push power switch on back of instrument to activate the instrument.
- Tear off headrest tissue, so a clean tissue is ready for the subject.
- Be certain the subject presses their forehead against the headrest activator so the illumination in the unit is activated and the GREEN "READY" indicator on the control panel is lit.
- Be certain the subject is comfortable.
- Be certain to have a clean record form and a scoring marker.

*You are now ready to test*



## **Model 6500 Peripheral Test**

This is a test of peripheral vision on the horizontal plane. The lights flash at 85, 70, and 55 degrees temporally and approximately 35 degrees nasally, so a possible total of 120 degrees arc for each eye can be attained. (Highest temporal reading plus nasal reading.)

Caution should be taken because the temples of eyeglass frames could interfere with this test. The test should be taken with eyeglasses on and again with the glasses off to determine if the frame interferes with peripheral vision.

To administer the test:

1. FAR Switch ON
2. RIGHT Eye switch ON
3. LEFT Eye switch OFF
4. Dial #1 at Yellow Indicator

Subject should look straight ahead, through the FAR lens system, with his/her forehead against the headrest activator. Ask the subject to look at slide #1. Then ask the test subject to point his finger in the direction he sees the light. The test administrator will then press one of the four switches, nasal, 55, 70 or 85 degrees on the control panel. The switches can be pressed in any order and should be held down for two or three seconds. Repeat the test with the left eye by turning the RIGHT illuminated switch off and turning the Left illuminated switch on.

NOTE: This test can be administered to a one-eyed person. In this case, the nasal test becomes very important because it will determine if there is peripheral vision on the blind side.

## Maintenance of your Model 6500 Vision Tester

Stereo Optical's model 6500 Vision Tester is designed to minimize maintenance. All bearings and internal mechanisms have been sealed at the factory. It has been engineered and built for a lifetime of use. The only annual maintenance required is simple and does not necessitate a service call.

The only components requiring occasional maintenance are:

**Eyepiece Lenses:** The external side of these lenses needs to be cleaned occasionally. Care should be taken not to use any abrasive material on these lenses. Use the cleaner supplied with the Vision Tester, or plain soap and water can be substituted. It is important to dry the lenses with a soft, lint-free cloth.

**Cleaning of Slides:** Open the rear door. Use a damp, soft, lint free cloth with lens cleaner and wipe the slide. Turn the dial and go on to the next slide repeating the same procedure.

Note: Always unplug the tester before opening the back door and accessing the slides.

**Replacement of the Slides:** The slide drum assembly holds up to 12 slides and can be easily reached through the door located above the control panel. To replace a slide, rotate the dial until the number of the slide to be removed is under the YELLOW indicator. Open rear door, remove slide on top of drum by rotating clips toward each other until they clear the slide. Remove unwanted slide. Insert new slide with label showing and arrow pointing away from you; return spring clips to their former positions to secure slide. Close the instrument door and you are again ready for operation.

**Control Panel Removal:** The panel is designed with reliable solid state components. The modular design allows quick segmentation from the rest of the instrument. If a problem is diagnosed here, contact Stereo Optical directly.

**Exterior:** The plastic, of which the instrument body and base are made, is similar to your telephone and can be cleaned in the same manner. Use damp, clean cloth and a mild detergent. A dust cover is provided for dust protection and to discourage tampering when instrument is not in use. An eight-foot power cord can be disconnected to discourage tampering as well.

**Inside Mirror:** Behind the rear door you will find a front-surface mirror. Handle the mirror with care and avoid placing fingers on its surface. We recommend using the cleaner supplied with the instrument along with a damp, soft, lint-free cloth. **DO NOT TAMPER WITH THE THREE SCREWS SURROUNDING THE MIRROR.** The mirror has been carefully aligned to achieve precise light reflections and any tampering will require factory adjustment.

## Accessories and Supplies Available

**Slides:** Black and White  
Color  
Special

**Reference & Training Manual:** F.A.C.T.® (Contrast Test Slides)  
Custom

<b>Record Forms:</b> F.A.C.T.®	50 sheets per pad	10 pads per package
Custom	50 sheets per pad	10 pads per package

**Headrest Tissue** - 50 sheets per pad                      100 pads per package

**Dust Cover**

**Pointer:** 6 per package

**Power Cord**

**Lens Cleaner** - 2 oz. bottle

**Plus Lenses:** plus 1.75 D  
plus 2.25 D

**Intermediate Lenses:** Set of 5

Lens #1	39.25 in.	100 centimeters
Lens #2	31.48 in.	80 centimeters
Lens #3	26.23 in.	66.7 centimeters
Lens #4	22.49 in.	57.1 centimeters
Lens #5	19.68 in.	50 centimeters

**EyeView® Software:** Requires PC Platform (Macintosh not currently supported), with 486 DX/66MHz or higher processor. Windows 95 or higher. VGA color monitor. CD-ROM or DVD-ROM drive.

**Carrying Case:** Hard or soft sided

**Accessory Kit**  
*(supplied with the instrument)*

Reference and Instruction Manual .....	1
(including slide descriptions)	
Scoring Pad .....	1 pad of 50 sheets
Headrest Tissue .....	10 pads of 50 sheets
Dust Cover .....	1
Pointer .....	1
Lens Cleaner .....	1 bottle (2 oz.)
Power Cord .....	1

## Glossary

**Accommodation:**

The ability of the eye to refocus from one distance to another.

**Acuity:**

Clearness or sharpness of images.

**Amblyopia:**

Also referred to as lazy eye, loss of sight in one eye.

**Astigmatism:**

A mis-shaping of the eye that prevents light rays from coming to a single focus on the back of the eye.

**Binocular:**

Ability to use two eyes simultaneously to focus on the same object and to fuse two images into a single image.

**Candela:**

The standard unit of luminous intensity. Illumination of target slide represented in  $\text{cd/m}^2$

**Cataract:**

Opacity of the crystalline lens.

**Color Deficiency:**

Diminished ability to perceive differences in certain colors.

**Contact Lens:**

The thin shell of plastic which rests directly on the tear film of the cornea and corrects refractive error.

**Convergence:**

Turning the two eyes inward to see a nearby object.

**Cornea:**

The clear transparent covering on the front of the eye.

**Dark Adaptation:**

The process by which an eye adjusts to decreased illumination and becomes more sensitive to light.

**Depth Perception:**

The ability to judge distance of objects from each other or from the observer.

**Diopter:**

A measurement of optical power of lenses.

**Diplopia:**

Double vision.

**Divergence:**

The process of directing two eyes from a near point to a far point.

**Esophoria:**

The tendency of the eye to pull inward on the horizontal plane.

**Exophoria:**

The tendency of the eye to pull outward on the horizontal plane.

**Far Point:**

Twenty feet to infinity.

**Fixation:**

Directing the eye so the image centers on the fovea.

**Focus:**

The point at which light rays will come together after passing through a lens.

**Fusion:**

Power of coordination by which images received by two eyes become a single image.

**Hyperopia:**

Farsightedness, the images focus behind the retina.

**Hyperphoria:**

When either eye has a tendency to pull up on the vertical plane.

**Intermediate Vision:**

Vision which focuses at some point beyond 18 inches or 45 centimeters (Near Point) and less than 20 feet or 6 meters (Far Point).

**LUX:**

The unit for measuring of glare.

**Malingerer:**

A person who pretends to have a vision problem.

**Mesopic:**

Pertaining to illumination between the photopic and scotopic ranges.

**Monocular:**

Seeing with only one eye.

**Muscle Balance:**

The coordination of muscles allowing two eyes to work together on the vertical and lateral planes.

**Myopia:**

Nearsightedness; has problem seeing at a distance; images focus in front of the retina.

**Near Point:**

14 to 16 inches or 35 to 40 centimeters.

**Occlusion:**

Obscuring the vision of an eye.

**Orthophoria:**

Expected or normal teamwork of the eyes.

**Peripheral Vision:**

Ability to perceive the presence, motion, or color of objects outside the direct line of vision.

**Phoria:**

Root word denoting a latent deviation in which the eyes have a constant tendency to turn from the normal position for binocular vision.

**Photopic:**

Vision under bright lighting levels.

**Potential Acuity:**

A quick assessment of macular function in cataract patients and documents that surgery is expected to improve visual performance.

**Presbyopia:**

Loss of accommodation so it is difficult to focus on near objects.

**Refraction:**

The bending of the rays of light. Sometimes used to refer to an examination for glasses or contact lenses.

**Scotopic:**

Vision at low light levels.

**Stereopsis:**

The ability to perceive depth.

**Strabismus:**

A muscle imbalance. Eyes turn inward or outward.

**Suppression:**

The non-use of vision in one eye.

**Vision:**

The ability to see and to interpret what is seen.

**Visual Acuity:**

Vision of an eye or eyes.

## **Safety Aspects**

Use this device properly and safely.

BEFORE USE OR MAINTENANCE, READ THIS MANUAL.

This operator's manual contains information necessary for the operation of the OPTEC VisionTester. This manual includes operating procedures, safety precautions, and specifications. IEC standards are applied in this manual.

### **Safety Precautions**

In this manual, a signal word is used to designate the degree or level of safety alerting. The definitions are as follows.

**CAUTION** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in injury or property damage.

Even situations indicated by "CAUTION" may result in serious injury under certain conditions. Safety precautions must be strictly followed at all times.

### **Handling Precautions**

Before use of instrument

**CAUTION**

-Do not use the device for other than its intended purpose.

STEREO OPTICAL will assume no responsibility for accident or malfunction caused by improper use.

·Never modify or touch the internal structure of the device.

Electric shock or malfunction may result  
There are no user-serviceable parts inside the device.

·Verify that the following specified environmental conditions for installation are met. In addition, verify that usage area meets the following conditions.



Make certain that the instrument is operated in the following environment conditions:

Humidity 30% to 75%

No large amount of dust is contained in the air

Subdued ambient light

Locate instrument in a place free from vibration or impact

Locate instrument on a stable surface

·Be sure that a power outlet meets the power requirements.

If the supplied voltage is too high or low, the device may not deliver full performance and malfunction, or fire may result.

·Be sure to use the power supply that came with the device. Using any adapter other than the supplied one may result in malfunction, or may void the warranty.

·Do not use an extension cord when supplying the device with the power.

·Be sure to connect using a grounded outlet. Electrical shock or fire may result in event of malfunction or electrical leakage.

·Never crush or pinch the power cord with heavy objects. Damage may result in electrical shock or fire.

·Before connecting cables to the device turn the instrument OFF and disconnect the power cord of the power supply from the power outlet.

## **Usage Precautions**

### **CAUTION**

The device has been tested and found to comply with the limits for the medical devices to the IEC 60601-1-2 and EN55011. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a typical medical installation. This device generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy. If not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to other devices in the vicinity. However, there is no guarantee that the interference to other devices, which can be determined by turning the device off and on, is caused by this instrument. The user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures :

- Reorient or relocate the receiving device.

- Increase the separation between the device.

- Connect the device into an outlet on a circuit different from that which was previously used.
- Consult STEREO OPTICAL for help.

-Connect the cable to the interface connector securely, maintaining the correct orientation of the connector of the cable.

Proper data communication with an external computer will not perform if the internal wires of the power cord are exposed, power to the device is interrupted by moving the cord, or the plug or cord becomes extremely hot, this indicates that the cord is damaged. Immediately replace the power cord.

In case of malfunction, immediately unplug from the power outlet and contact your authorized distributor for replacement; otherwise, electric shock or fire may result.

-In the event that a strange odor or smoke is noticed coming from the device, turn it off and unplug the power cord immediately. After confirming that the odor or smoke is no longer being produced, contact you authorized distributor. Continued use may result in electric shock or fire.

## Maintenance

### CAUTION

- Only service technicians trained properly by STEREO OPTICAL may service the device. STEREO OPTICAL assumes no responsibility for accidents resulting from improper servicing.
- There are no user-serviceable parts inside the device.
- All returns must have a Return Material Authorization number

### Disposal

- Follow local governing ordinances and recycling plans regarding disposal or recycling of device components. It is recommended to commission the disposal to a designated industrial waste disposal contractor.
- When disposing of packing materials, sort them by material and follow local governing ordinances and recycling plans

## Before use : Device Description

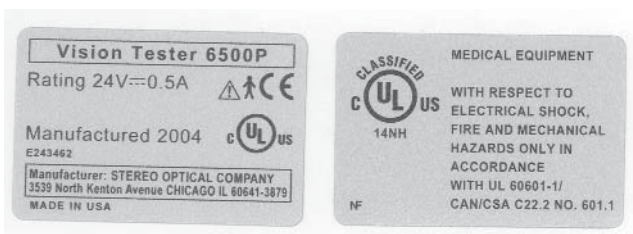
### Power Supply

Special adapter that converts the AC power to 110V to 220V or 240 V to DC power + 24V



### Labels and indications on the device

Warning labels and indications are affixed on the device. If the labels are removed, contact STEREO OPTICAL or your authorized distributor.



## **Maintenance**

### **Troubleshooting**

In the event that the device does not work correctly, correct the problem according to the following table before contacting your authorized distributor.

Suggested action:

If the device will not work at all

- Make sure that the power cord is connected properly
- Make sure that the cord of the power supply is connected properly. Make sure that the voltage applied to the power outlet is within the specified range.

Contact STEREO OPTICAL or your authorized distributor if the above suggestions do not eliminate the corresponding problem.

### **Cleaning**

When the cover or panels of the device becomes soiled, wipe with a soft cloth. For stubborn soiling, immerse the cloth in a neutral detergent diluted with water, wring it well, and wipe. Finally wipe with a dry, soft cloth.

### **CAUTION**

·Never use an organic solvent such as paint thinner.  
The surface of the device may be damaged.

·Never use a sponge or cloth containing excessive moisture to wipe the device.  
The water may leak into the inside of the device and cause device malfunction.

·If the fixation lamps are smeared, proper measurements cannot be performed.

## Specifications and classifications

### Classifications

[Classification under the provision of 93/42/EEC (MDD)] Class I

The 6500 Vision Tester is classified as a class I

[Type of protection against electric shock]

The 6500 Vision Tester is classified as Class I

A Class I is a device in which the protection against electric shock does not rely on basic insulation only, but which includes an additional safety precaution in such a way that means are provided for the connection of the device to the protective (ground) conductor in the fixed wiring of the installation in such a way that accessible metal parts cannot become live in the event of a failure in the basic insulation.

[Degree of protection against electrical shock] Type B Applied Part

The 6500 Vision Tester is classified as a device with a Type B Applied Part.

A Type B Applied Part provides a particular degree of protection against electrical shock, particularly regarding the following :

- allowable leakage currents
- reliability of the protective earth connection (if applicable)

[Degree of protection against the entrance of liquid] IP20 \*1

The 6500 Vision Tester is classified as an ordinary device without protection against liquid intrusion. Avoid exposing water or other liquid to the device.



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